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Commentary

Viewpoint CHICAGO DEFENDER The root causes of crime

by Haven Bradford Gow

(Gow is a columnist who has published more than 1,000 articles and reviews in 100 maga-

zines and newspapers)
The May 22, 1995, Arkansas Democrat-Gazette, in Little Rock, Ark., reported the distressing news that "Little Rock kept its No. 1 ranking among American cities in aggravated assaults and finished in the top 10 in three other categories of serious crimes.

Based on 1994 FBI reports, Little Rock had the sixth-worst violent crime rating among U.S. cities over 100,000 population in 1994 despite a nine percentage drop in the number of crimes reported by the city to the FBI. Violent crimes include murder, rape, aggravated assault and robbery,"

What are the root causes of crime? In a timely and thought-provoking March 1995 study published by the Washington, D.C.-based Heritage Foundation, Patrick Fagin, a former inner-city teacher, community worker and family therapist, says the root cause of crime is the breakdown of "the personal aspects responsibility and the inability of refusal to enter into family and community relationships based on love, respect and attachment both to the broader community and to a common code of conduct."

After scrutinizing the scholarly data, Mr. Fagin has come to the conclusion that "at the heart of the explosion of crime in America is the loss of the capacity of fathers and mothers to be responsible patents in caring for the children they bring into the world."

Retired FBI agent William Kelly, who was the FBI's expert on organized crime and pornography, insists that the nationwide epidemic of crime are patents from the rejection and

demic of crime enfanates from the rejection and transgression of traditional Judeo-Christian morality and from the widespread denial of per-sonal and moral responsibility.

Indeed, several studies buttress the contention that religious faith and church attendance help people develop good character.

According to a new study by the Washington, D.C.-based Family Research Council, "Church attendance has been shown consistently to deter juvenile delliquency. Two published studies show that frequent church attendees have

ies show that frequent church attendees have lower crime rates than infrequent attendees and also associated with lower crime rates, a 1983 study found that the more crime rates, a 1983 study found that the more crimoon a society the lower the delinquency rate."

The Pamily Research Council study rightly concludes that "eligiot gross people faith and hope that there are altimate meanings and purposes in life it gives that meanings and purposes in life it gives that answers to the great questions of life it establishes a system of moral duties which have worked. People develop a sense of moral mention from reli-

or moral duties which here worked. People develop a sense of miral positication from retigion, which helps then here temptations economic deprivations and past pleasure.

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